F-77-12

# **Fairfield County's Forest Economy**

Eric McConnell, Ph.D.
Forest Operations and Products Specialist
Ohio State University Extension

#### Mike Hogan

Agriculture and Natural Resources
Ohio State University Extension, Fairfield County



Fairfield County contains 504 square miles (322,800 acres) of land and is home to 146,100 citizens<sup>[1]</sup>. There are 201 industries in the county<sup>[2]</sup>, with the median household earning an income of \$56,800<sup>[1]</sup>. Major employers include businesses in the sectors of food services, state and local governments, services to buildings and dwellings, and private hospitals<sup>[2]</sup>.

The land resources of Fairfield County provide many economic benefits. The county's 1,090 agricultural farms produce agronomic crops and livestock, among others<sup>[3]</sup>. Overall, 172,000 acres of land are in farms.

An abundance of forested acres are also present in Fairfield County. Responsibly managing these woodlands

provides community support by producing economic activity in eight forest industrial sectors. These businesses directly generate \$200 million in industrial output and \$9.49 million in taxes<sup>[2]</sup>. This fact sheet presents some key terms and figures for describing the many contributions Fairfield County's forests and forest industries provide to the local economy.

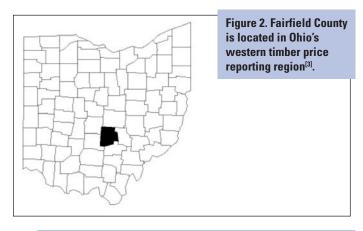
### Forest Resource Terminology<sup>[4]</sup>

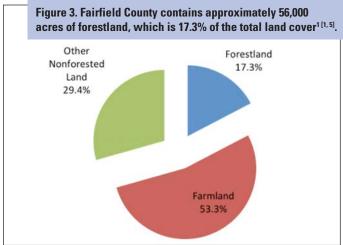
**Acre**: A unit of land measure equal to 43,560 square feet (208.7 feet  $\times$  208.7 feet). One square mile equals 640 acres.

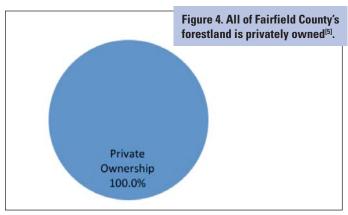
**Forest Type Group**: A classification of forest land based on the species forming a plurality of live-tree stocking. Forest types sharing closely associated species or site requirements are often combined into major forest type groups.

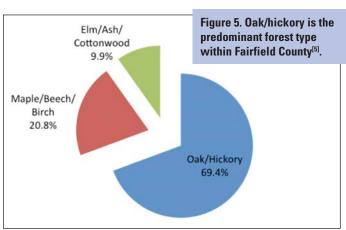
**Growing Stock Volume**: Net volume, in cubic feet, of growing-stock trees 5.0 inches in diameter and larger, measured at breast height (4.5 feet). Height is recorded from a 1-foot stump to a minimum 4.0-inch top diameter outside bark of the central stem, or to the point where the central stem breaks into limbs. Gross volume minus deductions for cull equals net volume.

**Sawtimber Volume**: Net volume in board feet, by the International ¼-inch rule, of sawlogs in sawtimber trees. Gross volume minus the deductions for rot, sweep, and other defects that affect use for lumber equals net volume.









### Forest Industry Impact Analysis Terminology<sup>[6]</sup>

**Direct Economic Impact**: The effect generated by the industry of interest in an economic impact analysis. This is measured through employment, value-added, and industrial output produced to meet demand for the manufactured product(s).

**Employment**: The total wage and salary and self-employed jobs in a geographical area. This number includes both full- and part-time jobs in an industrial sector.

**Direct Federal Tax Impact**: Taxes collected by the U.S. government. These taxes are generated from labor income, indirect business taxes, households, and corporations associated with the industry of interest.

**Direct State and Local Tax Impact**: Taxes paid to state, county, and municipal governments. These taxes are generated from labor income, indirect business taxes, households, and corporations associated with the industry of interest.

**Indirect Business Taxes**: These taxes are primarily sales and excise taxes paid by individuals to businesses through normal operations. They do not include taxes on corporate profits and dividends.

**Industrial Output**: The total value of production measured as the sum of value-added plus the cost of buying goods and services to produce the product(s).

**Labor Income**: Wages and benefits paid to employees plus proprietary income for self-employed work.

**Value-Added**: The sum of labor income, interest, profits, and indirect business taxes.

# Why should I manage my woodland?

- Properly managing your woodland improves forest health, aesthetics, and wildlife habitat. It also provides soil stabilization, clean water, self-satisfaction, and a potential source of income.
- Managing timber requires less long-term inputs compared to many other land uses.
- You are able to obtain cost share funds to establish your woodland, tax credits while managing your forest property, and preferable tax treatment at harvest.
- Standing timber is a stable form of wealth, often comparable in performance to mutual fund investments.

## How can I learn to better manage my woodland?

- Become actively involved in the stewardship of your property.
- Join your local forestry association.
- Search Ohio State University Extension's website Ohioline for further study of forestry-related topics: http://ohioline.osu.edu/for-fact/index.html.
- Contact your local service forester to help you develop a management plan for your property.

- Obtain soils information from your local Soil and Water Conservation District.
- Enlist the assistance of a professional forester when planning a timber sale.
- Consider hiring an Ohio Master Logging Company to conduct your harvesting operation.

# For more information, please consult the following sources:

#### **School of Environment and Natural Resources**

The Ohio State University 2021 Coffey Road Columbus, OH 43210 Phone: (614) 688-3421

Web: http://www.ohiowood.osu.edu/ http://woodlandstewards.osu.edu/

#### **Ohio State University Extension, Fairfield County**

831 College Ave., Suite D Lancaster, OH 43130 Phone: (740) 653-5419 Fax: (740) 687-7010

Web: http://fairfield.osu.edu/

#### **Ohio Division of Forestry**

345 Allen Ave.

Chillicothe, OH 45601 Phone: (740) 774-1596 Fax: (740) 773-0273

Web: http://www.ohiodnr.com/Home/landowner/ LandownerAssistance/tabid/5279/Default.aspx

#### **Fairfield County Soil and Water Conservation District**

831 College Ave., Suite B Lancaster, OH 43130

Phone: (740) 653-8154; (740) 653-1500

Fax: (740) 653-1135

Web: http://www.fairfieldswcd.org/

#### **Ohio Society of American Foresters**

Web: www.osafdirectory.com

# Ohio Forestry Association Master Logging Company Program

Office: 746 Morrison Road, Columbus, OH 43230
Mail: 1100-H Brandywine Boulevard, Zanesville, OH 43

Mail: 1100-H Brandywine Boulevard, Zanesville, OH 43701 Phone: (614) 497-9580

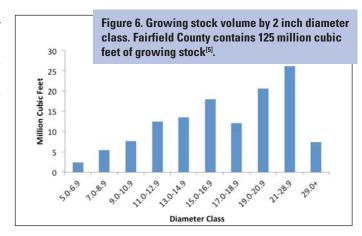
Fax: (614) 497-9581

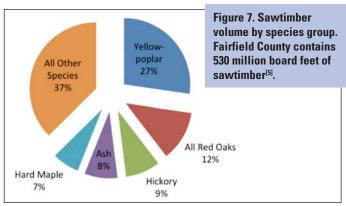
Web: http://www.ohioforest.org/

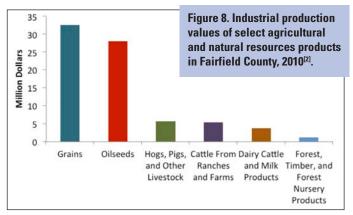
#### **Call Before You Cut**

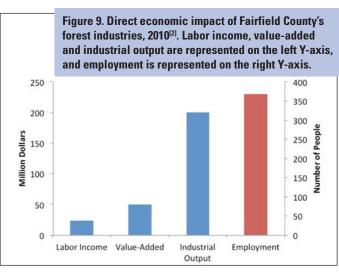
Phone: (877) 424-8288

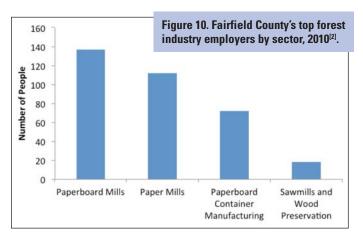
Web: http://www.callb4ucut.com/

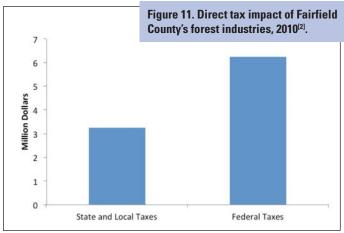












#### References

- United States Census. 2010. United States census quick facts. http://quickfacts.census.gov/qfd/states/39/39007.
   html
- [2] Minnesota IMPLAN Group. 2012. 2010 Ohio state and national package database. MIG, Inc., Hudson, WI.
- [3] United States Department of Agriculture National Agricultural Statistics Service. 2010. Ohio county summaries. http://www.nass.usda.gov/Statistics\_by\_State/Ohio/Charts\_and\_Maps/index.asp.
- [4] United States Forest Service Forest Inventory and Analysis. 2012. Northeast Forest Inventory and Analysis Methodology: Common definitions used by FIA. http://www.fs.fed.us/ne/fia/methodology/def\_ah.htm.
- [5] United States Forest Service Forest Inventory and Analysis Database. 2010. http://apps.fs.fed.us/fido/ standardrpt.html.
- [6] Minnesota IMPLAN Group. 2004. IMPLAN Professional\*: Users Guide, Analysis Guide, Data Guide. 3rd edition. MIG, Inc.

### **Acknowledgment**

We thank Nathan Irby, Mississippi Forestry Association; Kathy Smith, School of Environment and Natural Resources, The Ohio State University; and Stan Smith, Ohio State University Extension, for their reviews of this fact sheet.

<sup>1</sup>This figure does not include wooded acres in local and state parks, wildlife areas, and nature preserves.

# EMPOWERMENT THROUGH EDUCATION Visit Ohio State University Extension's web site "Ohioline" at: http://ohioline.osu.edu

Ohio State University Extension embraces human diversity and is committed to ensuring that all research and related educational programs are available to clientele on a nondiscriminatory basis without regard to age, ancestry, color, disability, gender identity or expression, genetic information, HIV/AIDS status, military status, national origin, race, religion, sex, sexual orientation, or veteran status. This statement is in accordance with United States Civil Rights Laws and the USDA.

Keith L. Smith, Associate Vice President for Agricultural Administration; Associate Dean, College of Food, Agricultural, and Environmental Sciences; Director, Ohio State University Extension; and Gist Chair in Extension Education and Leadership.

For Deaf and Hard of Hearing, please contact Ohio State University Extension using your preferred communication (e-mail, relay services, or video relay services). Phone 1-800-750-0750 between 8 a.m. and 5 p.m. EST Monday through Friday. Inform the operator to dial 614-292-6181.